NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2020

- Prepared By -

Larry Pump, CPA 117 North Jackson Street Charles City, IA 50616-2036 Phone (641) 257-4222

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
OFFICIALS	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	2-3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4-6
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Exhibit	
Statement of Net Position A Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	7
in Net Position	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10-20
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Pension Liability	21-22
Schedule of Agency Contributions	23-24
Pension Liability	25
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Statement of Selected Project Costs and Computation of	
Selected Project Grants	26-28
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	29-30
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	31-32
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	31-32
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR	
FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE	
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	33-34
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS	35-37

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

OFFICIALS

Name	<u>Title</u>	County	Term Expires
Casey Callanan	Member	Cerro Gordo	Indefinite
Mike Jensen	Member	Cerro Gordo	Indefinite
David Vikturek	Treasurer	Cerro Gordo	Indefinite
James Erb	Secretary	Floyd	Indefinite
J.R. Ackley	Chair	Floyd	Indefinite
Doug Kamm	Member	Floyd	Indefinite
Roy Ahrends	Member	Franklin	Indefinite
Corey Eberling	Member	Franklin	Indefinite
Mark Johansen	Member	Franklin	Indefinite
Sis Greiman	Member	Hancock	Indefinite
Tim Schmidt	Member	Hancock	Indefinite
Gary Gelner	Member	Hancock	Indefinite
Harley Kohlhaas	Member	Kossuth	Indefinite
Don McGregor	Member	Kossuth	Indefinite
Galen Casey	Member	Kossuth	Indefinite
Tracy Church	Member	Mitchell	Indefinite
Rick Bodensteiner	Member	Mitchell	Indefinite
Stan Walk	Vice-Chair	Mitchell	Indefinite
Cassie Johnson	Member	Winnebago	Indefinite
Mike Stensrud	Member	Winnebago	Indefinite
Candy Hanna	Member	Winnebago	Indefinite
AJ Stone	Member	Worth	Indefinite
Rick Scholbrock	Member	Worth	Indefinite
Paul Norland	Member	Worth	Indefinite
Joe Myhre	Executive Director		Indefinite

(641) 257-4222 or (641) 228-2812

Fax (641) 228-1513

E-mail: rlp@fiai.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors North Iowa Area Council of Governments Mason City, IA 50401

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Iowa Area Council of Governments (NIACOG), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise NIACOG's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NIACOG as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the Agency Contributions on pages 4 through 6 and 21 through 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise NIACOG's basic financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 and 2, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2, U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, Cost <u>Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of NIACOG's management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In my opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated November 20, 2020 on my consideration of NIACOG's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering NIACOG's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles City, Iowa November 20, 2020

Lary Pump

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

North Iowa Area Council of Governments (NIACOG) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. I encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with NIACOG's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- NIACOG's operating revenues increased 63%, or \$2,565,050, from fiscal 2019 to fiscal 2020, due to an increase in capital grant activity compared to the prior year and emergency CARES act funds available.
- NIACOG's operating expenses were 8%, or \$357,070 higher in fiscal 2020 than in fiscal 2019, due mainly to increased costs associated with transit expenses.
- NIACOG's net position increased 29%, or \$1,925,927, from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020, due to federal and state funds received for capital expenditures.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The North Iowa Area Council of Governments is a 28E organization and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, which is the same measurement focus and basis of accounting employed by private sector business enterprises. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to NIACOG's basic financial statements. The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of NIACOG's financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on NIACOG's assets and deferred outflows of resources less the Agency's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of NIACOG is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is the basic statement of activities for proprietary funds. This statement presents information on NIACOG's operating revenues and expenses, non-operating revenues and expenses and whether NIACOG's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents the change in NIACOG's cash and cash equivalents during the year. This information can assist readers of the report in determining how NIACOG financed its activities and how it met its cash requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the grant activity. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various federal programs benefiting the Agency.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of NIACOG's financial position. NIACOG's net position at the end of fiscal year 2020 totaled approximately \$8,674,797. This compares to approximately \$6,748,870 at the end of fiscal 2019. A summary of NIACOG's net position is presented below.

Net Position

	June 3	30,
	2020	2019
Current assets	\$4,318,373	\$ 3,757,452
Non-current assets	164,671	171,494
Capital assets at cost, less accumulated		
depreciation	5,275,481	3,930,889
Total assets	\$9,758,525	\$ 7,859,835
		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 347,862	\$ 305,193
		
Current liabilities	\$ 276,079	\$ 359,674
Noncurrent liabilities	971,271	947,038
Total liabilities	\$1,247,350	\$ 1,306,712
		<u> </u>
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 184,240	\$ 109,446
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Net position:		
Reserved	\$2,159,079	\$ 924,558
Unreserved	6,515,718	5,824,312
Total net position	\$8,674,797	\$ 6,748,870
10001 1100 P00101011	10,0.1,10	<u> </u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Operating revenues are received from federal grants, state grants, and other local sources. Operating expenses are expenses paid to operate the transit systems and programs. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which allocates the cost of an asset over its expected useful life. A summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is presented below:

Changes in Net Position

	Year ended June 30,		
	2020 2019		
Operating Revenues:			
Grants	\$ 4,123,101	\$ 1,665,455	
Program reimbursements and other			
local sources	2,505,750	2,398,346	
Total operating revenues	\$ 6,628,851	\$ 4,063,801	
Operating Expenses	4,861,147	4,504,077	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,767,704	\$ (440,276)	
Non-operating revenues, net	158,223	88,331	
Change in net position	\$ 1,925,927	\$ (351,945)	
Net position beginning of year	6,748,870	7,100,815	
Net position end of year	\$ 8,674,797	\$ 6,748,870	

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reflects a decrease in the net position at the end of the fiscal year.

- Net position for the year increased \$1,925,927, mainly due to federal funds received.
- NCRERC expenses for the year were \$82,978 and revenues were \$113,486. Future revenues and expenses will vary depending on incident response activity.
- State and Federal Transit Operating Assistance for the year totaled \$1,664,689. These same funding sources for the previous fiscal year totaled \$1,328,325. The funding increased 25%.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, capital and related financing and investing activities. Cash provided by operating activities includes federal and state support, program reimbursements and other revenue, reduced by payments to employees and to suppliers. Cash used by capital and related financing activities includes principal payments and the purchase of capital assets. Cash provided by investing activities includes interest income.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2020, NIACOG had approximately \$5,275,481 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of approximately \$4,806,450. Depreciation expense totaled \$665,571 for fiscal year 2020. More detailed information about NIACOG's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

In the upcoming year, NIACOG will continue to maximize efficiencies related to providing transit services for Region 2. Under the terms of their 28E agreement, NIACOG and the City of Mason City will continue to share in ongoing costs to operate and maintain the facility.

For fiscal year 2020, NIACOG has continued its involvement in the administration of various grants for urban revitalization, housing rehabilitation and economic development throughout the region.

CONTACTING NIACOG'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of NIACOG's finances and to show NIACOG's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact North Iowa Area Council of Governments, $525\ 6^{\rm th}$ Street SW, Mason City, IA 50401.



NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	NIACOG	NCRERC	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,166,712	\$ 155,810	\$ 3,322,522
Accounts receivable	924,338	-	924,338
Prepaid expenses	13,427	_	13,427
Notes receivable	56,208	-	56,208
Other receivables	1,878		1,878
Total current assets	\$ 4,162,563	\$ 155,810	\$ 4,318,373
Noncurrent assets:			
Notes receivable	\$ 164,671	\$ -	\$ 164,671
Fixed assets:			
Land	\$ 157 , 711	\$ -	\$ 157 , 711
Building	3,438,304	_	3,438,304
Equipment	428,253	130,020	•
Vehicles - unrestricted	1,037,006	62 , 516	1,099,522
Vehicles - restricted	4,828,121		4,828,121
Total	\$ 9,889,395	\$ 192,536	\$10,081,931
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,631,075</u>)		(4,806,450)
Net fixed assets	\$ 5,258,320	\$ 17,161	\$ 5,275,481
Total assets	\$ 9,585,554	\$ 172,971	\$ 9,758,525
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Pension related deferred outflows	\$ 347,862	\$ -	\$ 347,862
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Trade accounts payable	\$ 184,240	\$ -	\$ 184,240
Unearned income	6 , 578	-	6 , 578
Accrued payroll liabilities	63	-	63
Accrued benefits payable	<u>85,198</u>		<u>85,198</u>
Total current liabilities	\$ 276,079	\$ -	\$ 276,079
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability	\$ 971,271	\$ -	\$ 971,271
Total liabilities	\$ 1,247,350	\$ -	\$ 1,247,350
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Unavailable revenues:			
Pension related deferred inflows	\$ 184,240	\$ -	\$ 184,240
NET POSITION:			
Reserved (Note 2)	\$ 2,159,079	\$ -	\$ 2,159.079
Unreserved		172,971	
Total net position	<u>\$ 8,501,826</u>	<u>\$ 172,971</u>	<u>\$8,674,797</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	NIACOG	NCRERC	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Federal funds	\$ 3,657,660	\$ 7,128	\$ 3,664,788
State funds	458,313	-	458,313
Local funds	2,399,392	106,358	2,505,750
Total operating revenues	\$ 6,515,365	\$ 113,486	\$ 6,628,851
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries	\$ 1,389,081	\$ -	\$ 1,389,081
Employee benefits	432,065	-	432,065
Contracted services	128,345	12,000	140,345
Advertising	6 , 582	-	6,582
Telephone	5 , 700	_	5,700
Printing	6,653	-	6,653
Supplies	63,976	-	63,976
Travel	12,584	_	12,584
Postage	2,611	_	
Conferences	5,864	71	5,935
Dues and memberships	10,126	100	10,226
Professional fees	13,460	_	·
Miscellaneous	9,728	98	9,826
Insurance	83,968	8,985	
Repairs and maintenance	156,339	309	
Utilities	42,433		•
Equipment	_	12,442	
Depreciation	664,319	1,252	
Transit provider payments	1,562,945	_,	
Services		39,240	
Training	_	7,163	
Physicals	_	1,318	
Fuels and lubricants	100,358	-,010	
Materials and supplies	81,032	_	81,032
Total operating expenses	\$ 4,778,169	\$ 82,978	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,737,196	\$ 30,508	\$ 1,767,704
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income	\$ 32,736	\$ 2,014	
Gain on sale of equipment	123,473		===1
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$ 156,209	\$ 2,014	\$ 158,223
Change in net position	\$ 1,893,405		\$ 1,925,927
Net position beginning of year	6,608,421	140,449	6,748,870
Net position end of year	<u>\$8,501,826</u>	<u>\$ 172,971</u>	\$ 8,674,797

See Notes to Financial Statements.

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	NIACOG	NCRERC	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from federal operating grants	\$ 1,431,657	\$ 7,128	\$ 1,438,785
Cash received from state operating grants	458,313	7,120	458,313
Cash received from program reimbursements	2 , 372 , 608	107,602	2,480,210
Cash paid for salaries and benefits	(1,753,632)	-	(1,753,632)
Cash paid for other suppliers of goods and services	(2,392,990)	(81,816)	(2,474,806)
Net cash provided (used) by operating			
activities	\$ 115,956	\$ 32,914	\$ 148,870
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Net acquisition of fixed assets	\$(2,091,453)	\$ (17.876)	\$(2,109,329)
Cash received from asset sales	222,639	-	222,639
Cash received from federal capital grants	1,773,342		1,773,342
Net cash (used) by capital and			
related financing activities	\$ (95,472)	\$ (17,876)	\$ (113,348)
Cash flows from investing activities:	à 20 72 <i>6</i>	A 0 014	0.4.750
Interest received Cash received from notes receivable	\$ 32,736 27,324	\$ 2,014	\$ 34,750 27,324
Net cash provided (used) by investing	21,324		27,324
activities	\$ 60,060	\$ 2,014	\$ 62,074
Net increase (decrease) in cash and			
cash equivalents	\$ 80,544	\$ 17 , 052	\$ 97,596
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	3,086,168	138,758	3,224,926
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 3,166,712	<u>\$ 155,810</u>	\$ 3,322,522
•			
Reconciliation of operating income to net			
<pre>cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)</pre>	\$ 1,737,196	\$ 30,508	\$ 1,767,704
Adjustments for long-term non-cash items:	Ψ 1,737,130	φ 30 , 300	Ψ 1,707,704
Depreciation	664,319	1,252	665 , 571
Revenues and expenses not classified			
as operating	(1,773,342)	_	(1,773,342)
Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in prepaid insurance	953	_	953
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(486,023)	1,244	
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(101,302)	(90)	(101,392)
Increase in accrued benefits payable	11,156	_	11,156
Increase in unearned revenue	6 , 578	_	6 , 578
Increase in payroll liabilities	63	_	63
(Increase) in deferred outflow of resources Increase in deferred inflow of resources	(42,669) 74,794		(42,669) 74,794
Increase in net pension liability	24,233	_	24,233
Net cash provided (used) by operating			
activities	<u>\$ 115,956</u>	<u>\$ 32,914</u>	<u>\$ 148,870</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information			
Interest paid	<u>\$</u>	<u>Ş – </u>	<u>\$</u>

(1) Organization

The North Iowa Area Council of Governments (NIACOG) is an Inter- Governmental Council, established in accordance with provisions of Chapter 28E of the State Code of Iowa (Inter-Governmental Cooperation Agreement). The area of jurisdiction is Region 2 which includes Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Hancock, Worth, Kossuth, Mitchell, Franklin, and Winnebago counties. NIACOG's powers and duties are those authorized by Chapter 28H of the State of Iowa (Councils of Governments). NIACOG provides professional and technical services on a regional basis to maintain area-wide certification for state and federal grant and aid projects. It also provides planning advisory services and assistance in preparing special planning documents and applications to its members. NIACOG also provides transportation services to the elderly, disabled and rural areas through the Region Two Transit System. In performing its duties, NIACOG may contract with and expend funds from federal, state, and local agencies, public or semi-public agencies and private individuals and Corporations.

Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, NIACOG has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with NIACOG are such that exclusion would cause NIACOG's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of NIACOG to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on NIACOG. NIACOG has one component unit which meets the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria. The North Central Regional Emergency Response Commission (NCRERC) is a committee established under a 28E agreement with NIACOG. Its purpose is to implement joint and cooperative action in training and response activities of hazardous materials for Region 2.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The accounts of NIACOG are organized as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are utilized to finance and account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of governmental facilities and services supported by user charges.

Enterprise Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an Enterprise Fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

(b) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

NIACOG applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

NIACOG distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the NIACOG's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

(c) Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the Statement of Net Position:

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances are deposited in bank accounts. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Notes Receivable</u> - This account is utilized to record revolving loan funds loaned to eligible homeowners and businesses.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets are accounted for at historical cost. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. The cost of repair and maintenance is charged to expense while the cost of renewals or substantial betterments is capitalized. The cost and accumulated depreciation of assets disposed of are deleted, with any gain or loss recorded in current operations.

Reportable capital assets are defined by NIACOG as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$5,000
Building	5 , 000
Improvements other than buildings	5 , 000
Equipment	5,000
Vehicles	5,000

Capital assets of NIACOG are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Building	40
Improvements other than buildings	15
Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the Agency after the measurement date but before the end of the Agency's reporting period.

<u>Accrued Benefits Payable</u> - Accrued benefits payable are earned vacation leave and compensatory time and have been accrued as liabilities on the statement of net position. These current liabilities have been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2020.

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan assets.

Reserved Net Position - Reserved net position represents the portion of federal participation in the purchase of transit vehicles and related equipment. Subsequent disposition of assets purchased with federal funds are subject to certain restrictions.

(3) <u>Cash and Investments</u>

NIACOG's deposits in banks at June 30, 2020 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

(3) Cash and Investments - continued

NIACOG is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Directors; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies, certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

NIACOG and NCRERC had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> - NIACOG'S investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of NIACOG.

(4) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning			Balance End
NIACOG	of Year	Increases	Decreases	of Year
Land	\$ 157,711	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 157,711
Building	3,438,304	=	-	3,438,304
Equipment	419,205	9,048	-	428,253
Vehicles	5,372,035	2,082,405	_1,589,313	<u>5,865,127</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 9,387,255</u>	\$2,091,453	<u>\$1,589,313</u>	<u>\$ 9,889,395</u>
NCRERC	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Equipment	\$ 112,144	\$ 17,876	\$ -	\$ 130,020
Vehicles	62,516		<u> </u>	62,516
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 174,660</u>	\$ 17 , 876	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 192 , 536

(4) <u>Capital Assets</u> - continued Less accumulated depreciation for:

NIACOG Building Equipment Vehicles	Balance Beginning of Year \$ 923,720 351,542 4,181,641	Increases \$ 86,069 18,476 559,774	Decreases \$ - _1,490,147	Balance End of Year \$1,009,789 370,018 3,251,268
Total accumulated depreciation, net	<u>\$5,456,903</u>	<u>\$ 664,319</u>	<u>\$1,490,147</u>	<u>\$4,631,075</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$3,930,352</u>	<u>\$1,427,134</u>	<u>\$ 99,166</u>	<u>\$5,258,320</u>
NCRERC Equipment Vehicles	Balance Beginning of Year \$ 111,607 62,516	_Increases \$ 1,252 		Balance End of Year \$ 112,859 62,516
Total accumulated depreciation, net	<u>\$ 174,123</u>	\$ 1,252	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 175,375</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 537</u>	<u>\$ 16,624</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 17,161</u>

(5) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the Agency, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the Agency are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits - A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

• A multiplier based on years of service.

(5) Pension Plan - continued

• The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2020, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the Agency contributed 9.44% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.73%.

The Agency's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2020 totaled \$128,098.

(5) Pension Plan - continued

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2020, the Agency reported a liability of \$971,271 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Agency's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the Agency's proportion was 0.016661%, which was an increase of 0.001696% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$184,456. At June 30, 2020, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources		d Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,693	\$	34,922
Changes of assumptions		104,037		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on IPERS investments		-		109,450
Changes in proportion and differences between Agency contributions and the Agency's proportionate share of contributions		113,034		39,868
Agency contributions subsequent to th measurement date	e 	128,098		<u> </u>
Total	\$	347,862	<u>\$</u>	184,240

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$128,098 represent the amount the Agency contributed subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	Total
2021	\$ 29,406
2022	(11,365)
2023	7,479
2024	3,226
2025	6,779
Total	\$ 35 , 525

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

(5) Pension Plan - continued

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increase (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 to 16.25% average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.
Wage growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an economic assumption study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the 2019 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	5.60%
International equity	15.0	6.08
Global smart beta equity	3.0	5.82
Core plus fixed income	27.0	1.71
Public credit	3.5	3.32
Public real assets	7.0	2.81
Cash	1.0	(0.21)
Private equity	11.0	10.13
Private real assets	7.5	4.76
Private credit	3.0	3.01
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

(5) Pension Plan - continued

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the Agency will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,724,663	\$ 971 , 271	\$ 339,333

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

(6) Risk Management

The Agency is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 779 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus

(6) Risk Management - continued

all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The Agency's property and casualty contributions to the Pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the Pool. The Agency's contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$133,523.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$500,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Agency's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$250,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Agency's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Agency's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred.

The Agency does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2020, no liability has been recorded in the Agency's financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The Agency also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation and employers liability coverage. The Agency assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(7) Other Post Employee Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description - The Agency administers a single-employer benefit plan which provides medical, prescription and dental benefits for employees, retirees and their spouse. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter

(7) Other Post Employee Benefits (OPEB) - continued

509A.13. At June 30, 2020, no assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

OPEB Benefits - Individuals who are employed by the Agency and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same age adjusted premium for the medical, prescription drug and dental benefits as active employees, which result in an implicit rate subsidy and OPEB liability.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At June 30, 2020, there were no retirees covered by the plan.

Net OPEB Liability - Management of the Agency considers any OPEB obligation, which may exist, to be immaterial.

(8) Litigation

The Agency is a defendant in a lawsuit for which the probability and amount of loss, if any, is indeterminable.

(9) Contingency

The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting business across a range of industries in the United States and financial markets have experienced a significant decline. As a result, local, regional and national economics, including that of the Agency, may be adversely impacted. The extent of the financial impact of COCID-19 will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread, which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. Due to the uncertainties surrounding the outbreak, management cannot presently estimate the potential impact to the Agency's operations and finances.



NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF THE AGENCY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST SIX YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2020	2019
Agency's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0166611%	0.0149653%
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 971	\$ 947
Agency's covered payroll	\$1,356	\$1,276
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	71.61%	74.22%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.45%	83.62%

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

^{*} In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

2018	2017	2016	2015	
0.0138505%	0.0153069%	0.015854%	0.016164%	
\$ 923	\$ 963	\$ 788	\$ 654	
\$1,127	\$1,034	\$1,098	\$1,093	
81.90%	93.13%	71.77%	59.83%	
82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%	

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS

IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST SIX YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	:	2020	 2019
Statutorily required contribution	\$	128	\$ 121
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(128)	 (121)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$
Agency's covered payroll	\$	1,356	\$ 1,276
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.44%	9.48%

 2018	2	2017 2016		2017 2016				2016	2	2015
\$ 100	\$	92	\$	98	\$	96				
 (100)		(92)		(98)	\$	(96)				
\$ <u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$					
\$ 1,127	\$	1,034	\$	1,098	\$	1,093				
8.93%		8.93%		8.93%		8.93%				

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- \bullet Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- \bullet Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.



NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF SELECTED PROJECT COSTS AND COMPUTATION OF SELECTED PROJECT GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	STA Operating Assistance	COG ASSISTANCE 19-COG-01	OP Deficit 2016-026- 020-19	OP Deficit 2020-001- 00-20
Operating Expenses: Contractual Services Capital Outlay Prior Year Project Cost Grant Participation in Project Cost	\$ 458,313 - - \$ 458,313	\$ 16,176 - \$ 16,176	1,069,261	\$1,075,065 - - \$1,075,065
Percentage Participation Contract Amount	\$ 458,313 \$ 431,345	\$ 16,176 \$ 16,176	\$ 855,409	
Permissible Grant (Lesser of Contract Amount or Percentage Participation) Less: Grant Payments received in current year Less: Grant Payments	\$ 458,313 (458,313)	•	. , ,	(860,052)
<pre>received in prior year Grant Receivable/(Payable) at June 30, 2020</pre>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(776,773) \$ -	<u> </u>

(continued)

Cares Act OP Deficit Bus & Bus 2020-010 Facilities 00-20 Project		Bus & Bus Bus & Bus Facilities Facilities Project Project		Bus & Bus Facilities Project	CMAQ Project 2019-002- 020-18	
\$ 895 , 746	\$ - 82,460	\$ - 682,773	\$ - 660,345	\$ - 656,820	\$ - 3,887	
\$ 895,746	\$ 82,460	\$ 682,773	\$ 660,345	\$ 656,820	95,953 \$ 99,840	
100%	<u>85</u> %	<u>85</u> %	<u>85</u> %	<u>85</u> %	80%	
\$ 895,746	<u>\$ 70,091</u>	\$ 580,356	<u>\$ 561,293</u>	\$ 558,297	<u>\$ 79,871</u>	
<u>\$1,171,075</u>	<u>\$ 88,825</u>	<u>\$ 605,115</u>	<u>\$ 701,420</u>	<u>\$ 559,555</u>	<u>\$ 81,360</u>	
\$ 895,746	\$ 70,091	\$ 580,356	\$ 561,293	\$ 558,297	\$ 79,871	
(267,688)	(70 , 091)	(580,356)	(561,293)	(558,297)	(79,871)	
				<u>-</u>		
\$ 628,058	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ -</u>	

19	9-RPA-02	2	0-RPA-02	EDA 05-83- HAZMAT -RPA-02 05369-01 HMEP					
\$	- -	\$	78 , 085	\$	175 , 000	\$	7 , 128	\$	2,705,513 2,086,285
\$	110,646	\$	78 , 085	\$	377,000 552,000	\$	- 7,128	\$	1,652,860 6,444,658
	<u>80</u> %	_	80%		<u>50</u> %		<u>100</u> %		
\$	88,517	\$	62,462	\$	276,000	\$	7,128	\$	5,369,711
<u>\$</u>	125,492	\$	123,216	<u>\$</u>	276,000	\$	10,000	\$	5,905,040
\$	88,517	\$	62,462	\$	276,000	\$	7,128	\$	5,369,711
	(18,245)		(42,970)		(87,500)		(7,128)		(3,686,616)
	(70,272)				(171,000)		<u> </u>	_	(1,018,045)
\$		\$	19,492	\$	17,500	\$		\$	665,050

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GRANTOR/PROGRAM	CFDA NUMBER	AGENCY PASS-THROUGH NUMBER	PROGRAM EXPENDITURES
Direct:			
Department of Commerce: Economic Development Administration:			
Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	05-83-05369-01	\$ 70 , 000
Economic Adjustment Assistance Total Direct Awards	11.307	05-79-04733	438,783 \$ 508,783
Indirect:			
Department of Transportation: Iowa Department of Transportation:			
Federal Aid Highway Program Formula Grants for Rural Areas:	20.205	20-RPA-02	\$ 46,436
FTA 5311 New Transportation Planning Congestion Mitigation & Air Quality	20.509	20-RPA-02	\$ 16,026
Improvement Project	20.509	2019-002-00- 020-18	3 , 110
			\$ 19,136
Cares Act Emergency Relief COVID-19 Elderly and Persons with	20.509	2020-010-00-20	\$ 895,746
Disabilities Project	20.513	2020-001-00-20	\$ 860,052
Bus and Bus Facilities Project	20.526 20.526	2016-010-00-19 2019-007-00-	\$ 70,091
	20.020	020-18	580,357
	20.526	2019-007-01-19	561,293
	20.526	2019-008-00- 020-18	558 , 297
			\$ 1,770,038
Homeland Security and Emergency Management: Interagency Hazardous Material Public Sector	-		
Training and Planning Grants	20.703	HMEP	\$ 7,128
Total Indirect Awards			\$ 3,598,536
Total			\$ 4,107,319

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Computation of CFDA Number 11.307-Economic Adjustment Assistance

	Grant Number 05-79-04733	
Balance of RLF loans outstanding 6/30/20	\$	162 , 770
RLF cash 6/30/20		343,740
Administrative expense paid out in 2020		2,162
Principal balance written off in 2020		
Total	\$	504,348
Federal percentage		87%
Amount included on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	 \$	438,783

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of NIACOG under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, Cost Principles and Audit <u>Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of NIACOG, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of NIACOG.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Polices</u> - Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(641) 257-4222 or (641) 228-2812 Fax (641) 228-1513

E-mail: rlp@fiai.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors North Iowa Area Council of Governments:

I have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of NIACOG, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 20, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered NIACOG's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NIACOG's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of NIACOG's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, I identified a deficiency in internal control I consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of NIACOG's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiency in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item II-A-20 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. There are no deficiencies described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings that I consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether NIACOG's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination

of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters which are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. No instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings were noted.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Agency's operations for the year ended June 30, 2020 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during my audit of the financial statements of the Agency. Since my audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

NIACOG's Responses to the Findings

NIACOG's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. NIACOG's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

I would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of NIACOG during the course of my audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, I shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Charles City, Iowa November 20, 2020

Lany Pump

(641) 257-4222 or (641) 228-2812 Fax (641) 228-1513

E-mail: rlp@fiai.net

FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors
North Iowa Area Council of Governments:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited North Iowa Area Council of Government's (NIACOG's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on NIACOG's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. NIACOG's major federal programs are identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for NIACOG's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about NIACOG's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for the major federal programs. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of NIACOG's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Programs

In my opinion, NIACOG complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of NIACOG is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered NIACOG's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a

direct and material effect on the major federal programs to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal programs and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of NIACOG's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. I identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item III-A-20, I consider to be a material weakness.

NIACOG's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in my audit is reported in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. NIACOG's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles City, Iowa November 20, 2020

Lany Pump

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS Schedule of Findings Year Ended June 30, 2020

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) Unmodified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) A material weakness in internal control over the major programs were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (e) An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major programs.
- (f) The audit disclosed no audit findings which were required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.516.
- (g) The major programs were: CFDA Number 20.513 Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Project, CFDA Number 20.509 Cares Act Emergency Relief and Transportation Planning FTA 5311, and CFDA Number 20.526 Bus and Bus Facilities Project.
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- (i) NIACOG did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

II-A-20 Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u> - Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the Agency's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> - Generally, one individual has control over the following areas for the Agency:

- (1) Accounting system record keeping for revenues, expenses and related reporting.
- (2) Receipts collecting, depositing, journalizing and posting.
- (3) Payroll changes to the master list, preparation and distribution.

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS Schedule of Findings

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements: - continued

Cause - The Agency has a limited number of employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

 $\underline{\mathtt{Effect}}$ - Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the Agency's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation - The Agency should review its control activities to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing currently available staff or Agency Board members to provide additional control through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and reports.

Response - Due to the limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is very difficult. The fiscal officer continues to research possible and practical procedures to consider.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

CFDA Number 20.513: Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Project.

2020 Federal Award Year:

U.S. Department of Transportation

Passed through the Iowa Department of Transportation

CFDA Number 20.509: Cares Act Emergency Relief.

Federal Award Year: 2020

U.S. Department of Transportation

Passed through the Iowa Department of Transportation

CFDA Number 20.509: Transportation Planning FTA 5311.

Federal Award Year: 2020

U.S. Department of Transportation

Passed through the Iowa Department of Transportation

CFDA Number 20.526: Bus and Bus Facilities Project.

Federal Award Year: 2020

U.S. Department of Transportation

Passed through the Iowa Department of Transportation

NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS Schedule of Findings Year Ended June 30, 2020

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards: - continued

III-A-20 <u>Segregation of Duties over Federal Revenues and Expenses</u> - The Agency (2020-001) did not properly segregate custody, recordkeeping and reconciling functions for revenues and expenses, including those related to federal programs. See item II-A-20.

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- IV-A-20 <u>Questionable Expenses</u> No expenses I believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25,1979 were noted.
- $\frac{\text{Travel Expense}}{\text{of NIACOG officials or employees were noted.}}$
- IV-C-20 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between NIACOG and NIACOG officials or employees were noted.
- IV-D-20 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of NIACOG officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- IV-E-20 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the NIACOG's investment policy were noted.
- IV-F-20 <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that I believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.